

Model Lesson Plan Social Studies Grade 3

Topic 11 - Montana Indians: Past Traditions and History

Stage 1 - Desired Results

Established Goals:

- Students will know that there are diverse origin stories from Montana Indian tribes. (GLE 3.3.2; 3:4:2)
- Students will know that some beliefs continue today, as tribal cultures, traditions and languages remain as traditional beliefs/ideas. (GLE 3.4.2: 3.6.1)

3.4.2; 3.6.1)	
Understandings:	Essential Questions:
Each tribe has a unique culture and history, separate from other	What is history?
tribes' cultures. (GLE 3.3.2; 3.4.2)	What is "oral history"?
Each tribe's oral history and traditions includes ways in which	Why is knowledge of your own history essential?
the tribe came to be—its origin. (GLE 3.4.2)	What would your great grandmother/great grandfather be doing
	at this time on this day long ago?
Students will know	Students will be able to
	State that each tribe has its own language and culture.
	Tell about one tribe's (selected locally) oral history traditions
	(one story).
	Tell what tribal life was probably like in that tribe long ago.
	Share information about tribal traditions and culture with others
	in classroom discussions.
Stage 2 - Assessment Evidence	

Performance Tasks:

- Listen carefully to the oral history/origin story about one MT tribe.
- Retell an oral history about one tribe.
- Tell what tribal life might have been like for that tribe long ago.

Other Evidence:

Stage 3 - Learning Plan

Learning Activities:

- W= Students receive the assignment and expectations, including the list of vocabulary and concepts they are expected to know, the Essential Questions, Understandings, and the materials they need to complete their work.
- H= Teacher and students should discuss the Essential Questions. These Essential Questions will guide their discussions and the whole-class activity.
- E= Teachers guide the discussion activities carefully, checking frequently for student understanding and misconceptions. Students are working on their broad understanding of history and how tribes keep their oral histories.
- R= Students listen carefully; the purpose is to learn more, and where necessary, revise their ideas about tribal histories; they should know that tribal histories are kept as "oral histories"—passed down from generation to generation.
- E= Students listen carefully to an oral history, and can retell the oral history.
- T= Students who are not able to complete all features of the assignment (they may have an IEP, for example) should perform based on their different needs and abilities.
- O= Students will complete these activities in about 2 class periods; this should keep student engagement and learning high.

Resources:

Teacher Notes

- Select a MT tribe and select an oral history tradition, or ask the librarian in your school to help obtain that material.
- Integrate this lesson with the third grade social studies unit on the development of communities so students know that all groups of people who form a community today or long ago are alike and have functions that are alike in many ways.
 - a. Reservation maps

Vocabulary:

New: tradition, oral history, native language

Winter 2008